

STATISTICAL RELEASE

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Education statistics

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Upper secondary education – At the end of 2018/19 school year –

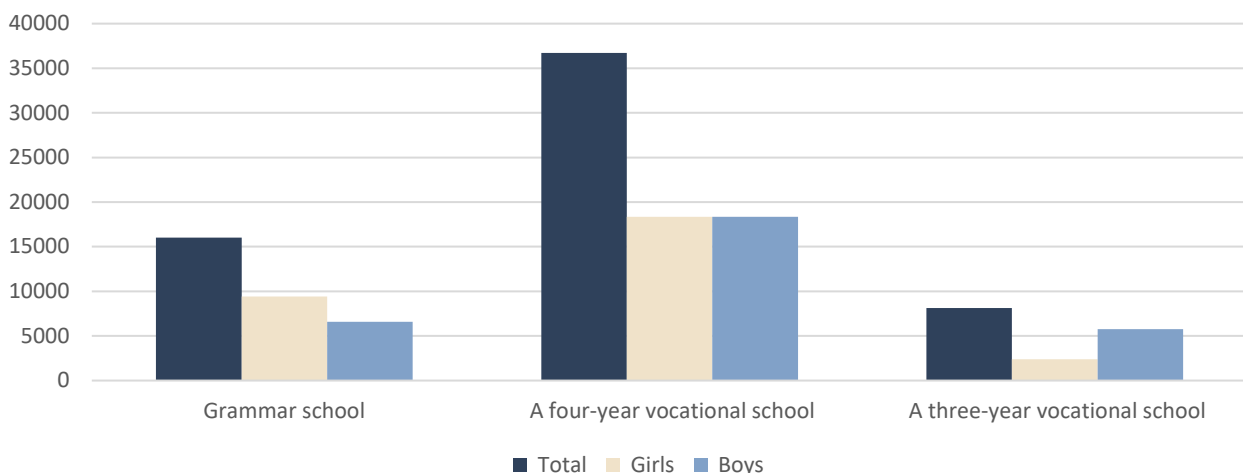
In the 2018/19 school year in 515 regular upper secondary schools 249 455 students attended classes, 123 838 girls (49.6%), 125 617 boys (50.4%). 1 965 students attended schools/departments for children with disabilities (41), 753 girls (38.3%) and 1 212 boys (61.7%).

1. Upper secondary schools and students

	Regular upper secondary schools				Schools/departments for students with disabilities			
	schools	students			schools	students		
		total	girls	boys		total	girls	boys
REPUBLIC OF SERBIA	515	249455	123838	125617	41	1965	753	1212
SRBIJA – SEVER	257	124304	61837	62467	19	1329	511	818
Beogradski region	114	61358	30475	30883	8	618	249	369
Region Vojvodine	143	62946	31362	31584	11	711	262	449
SRBIJA – JUG	258	125151	62001	63150	22	636	242	394
Region Šumadije i Zapadne Srbije	139	72595	36216	36379	13	299	122	177
Region Južne i Istočne Srbije	119	52556	25785	26771	9	337	120	217
Region Kosovo i Metohija

60 978 students, almost equal percentage of girls (49.5%) and boys (50.5%), finished regular upper secondary school. Almost 86.5% of students finished a four-year school (26.3% grammar school and 60.2% four-year vocational school). Only 13.4% of students finished a three-year vocational school. Observed based on gender, 60.8% girls finished a four-year vocational school, 31.2% grammar school and only 7.9% a three-year vocational school. Boys finish grammar school in somewhat less percentage than the girls (21.4%), but in a much higher percentage than the girls (18.7%) they finish a three-year vocational school, which leads them to the labour market directly.

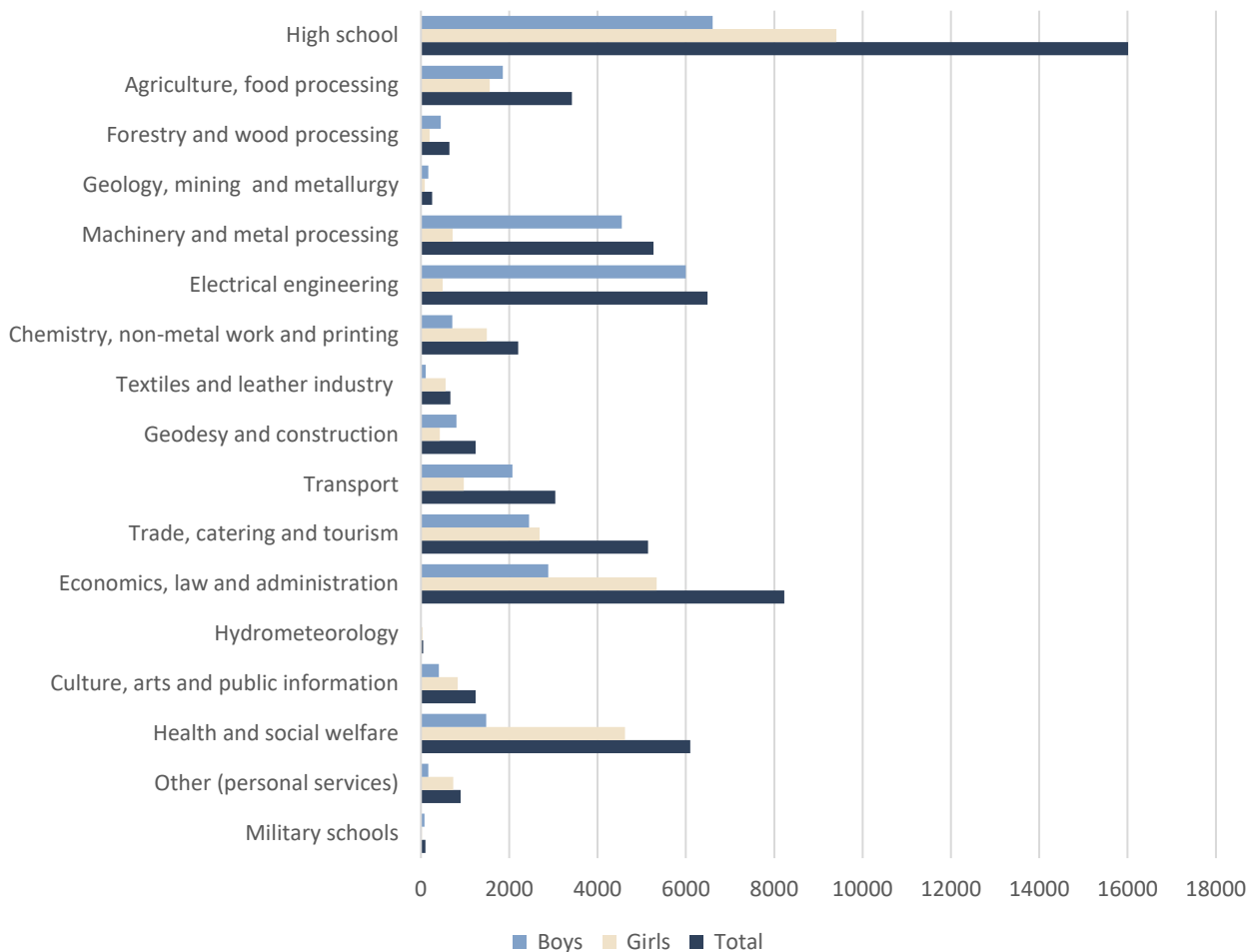
Chart 1. Students who finished regular upper secondary school based on the type of program and gender



General secondary education – grammar school, finished more than the quarter (26.3%) of all students who completed upper secondary school and almost three quarters completed vocational school. Observed based on fields of education, young people usually finish educational profiles from the fields of education “Economy, Law and Administration” (13.5%), “Electrical Engineering” (10.6%), “Health Care and Welfare”(10%), “Mechanical Engineering and Metal Processing“ (8.6%) and “Trade, Catering Industry and Tourism“ (8.4%).

Girls usually finished their education for fields of education “Economy, Law and Administration” (17.7%), “Health Care and Welfare“ (15.3%) and “Trade, Catering Industry and Tourism“ (8.9%), and boys “Electrical Engineering“ (19.5%), “Mechanical Engineering and Metal Processing“ (14.8%) and “Economy, Law and Administration” (9.4%).

Chart 2. Students who finished upper secondary school based on the fields of education and gender



Methodological explanations

Data on upper secondary education are a result of regular annual survey which is conducted at the end of each school year. The data are collected via Upper secondary education statistical questionnaire form (ŠS/K form), and the scope of the survey is complete.

Secondary education are exercised pursuant to the goals defined by the law.

Secondary education activity is conducted in upper secondary school, which can be established as a grammar school, art, vocational school or combined secondary school. School for students with disabilities conducts education and care for the appropriate occupations of students, attending this school based on the opinion of interdepartmental commission for assessment of additional educational, health and social support to students, with parental consent.

The term "student" implies a regular student. A regular student is person enrolled in school with the purpose of attending classes.

Secondary education is realized under work areas and according to the appropriate fields of education within them.

Data shown in this release refer to the level of education ISCED3 based on *The International Standard Classification of Education – ISCED2011*.

Since 1999 the Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia does not dispose of certain data for AP Kosovo and Metohija, therefore they are not included in the scope of data for the Republic of Serbia (in total).

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