

Questionnaire VOD-2V and VOD-2K

Law on Official Statistics,"Official Gazette", No 104/2009

Code of the survey: 011020 Code of the survey: 011030

SURVEY

on drinking water supply and urban wastewater in 2015

The obligation for provide data is laid down in Article 26, and penalty provisions in Article 52 of the Law on Official Statistics ("Official Gazette of RS", No 104/2009).

Data will be used for statistical purposes only and will not be published in form of individual data. All data are subject to

confidentiality.

1. Company name								
(name of the part of the legal person – incorporated local units)								
2. Registration number	1	ı	ĺ	ĺ	1	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
Sequence number of the part of the								
legal person - incorporated local units								
3. Tax identification number								
4. Activity								
5. Municipality								
Settlement (place) Telephone				ĺ		Ì		
Address Street number								
6. Total number of settlements with: Public water supply system	 					-1		
Urban wastewater collecting system	 							
7. Type of water supply system 1. municipal/local, 2. inter-municipality	 							
8. Type of wastewater collecting system 1. municipal/local, 2. inter-municipality	 							
9. Method of water transport: 1. gravitation, 2. pressure, 3. combined								
10. Method of wastewater transport: 1. gravitation, 2. pressure, 3. combination	 ••••					-		
Sequence number of the regional office (To be filled in by statistics)								
Sequence number (of the form) from the address book (To be filled in by statistics)						<u></u>		
emark:								
2016								
Questionnaire filled in by:								
		F	lead:					
(first and last name)	(fir	st an	d last i	name)				
tact phone:								

Drinking water supply for 2015 - Questionnaire VOD-2V

Table 1 Water abstraction source, abstracted (fresh water), assumed and submited water by other water

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S	upply	T.			
			Water abstr	action source	
Sequence number			Name/location	Code/registration number	Water quantity, thous. m ³
			1	2	3
1	Total water ¹⁾ (2+19+20+21	-22-23-24-25-26-27)	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx	
2	Total water abstracted (3+	+18)	XXXXXXXXXX	xxxxxxxxx	
3					
4	Settlements from which territories water is abstracted	Underground water			
5		Onderground water			
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11		Spring water			
12		Spring water			
13					
14					
15	Rivers				
16	Accumulation				
17	Accumulation				
18	Lake				
19		_			
20	Water assumption from oth	ner water supply			
21					
22		<u> </u>			
23		<u>_</u>			
24	Water submission by other	water supply			
25	Trator submission by other	water supply			
26					
27					

¹⁾ The row 1 in table 1 (total water) = Row 1 column 2 from table2 (total distributed water) + row 13 column 2 from table 2 (total water losses).

Table 2 Total distributed water and water losses

Sequence number		Number of enterprises	Water quantity, thous. m ³
		1	2
1	Total distributed water (2+3+11)		
2	Households	xxxxxxxxx	
3	Enterprises – total (4+5+6+7+8+9+10)		
4	In sector: Agriculture, forestry and fishing		
5	In sector: Mining		
6	In sector: Manufacturing		
7	In sector: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply		
8	In sector: Collect , treatment and disposal waste		
9	In sector: Constraction		
10	Other consumers: schools, institutions, stores, hospitals, hotels, etc.		
11	Water for own consumption	xxxxxxxxx	
12	of which: sanitary water	xxxxxxxxx	
13	Total water losses at network	xxxxxxxxx	

Table 3 Water treatment, water supply network, users and costs for the production of drinking water

1 able				sers and costs for the production of drini	ding water
2	Fresh v	vater pum	ps	Total operational power, kW	
	Drinkir	ng water t	reatment plant	Maximum designed capacity ² , (m ³ /h or l/s)	
4		1		Used capacity ²⁾ , (m³/h or l/s)	
5		Coagulati	ion Chambers	Number	
6		Coagaian		m ³	
7				Number	
8	1	Flocculati	on Chambers	m ³	
9				Number	
10		Precipitat	ors	m ³	
11	1			Number	
		_© uc	Ozonation Chambers	lm ³	
12	4	Ozonation ³⁾			
13	<u>+</u>	zor	Ozone generator	Number	
14	olar	O Ozone generator		Quantity of produced ozone, kg/h	
15	the			Number	
16	hin 1	tion	Filters	m ²	
17	wit	Filtration	Filter type	(open, closed)	
18	ities	LL.	Type of fulfill filters	(sand, active carbon)	
19	Facilities within the plant		UV-reactor	Total power, kW	
20	┧ "	_ĵ _		Number	
21		Disinfection ³	Chlorinators	Chlorine consumption , kg/h	
	1	sinfe		Filters number	
22	-	Ä	Deferization system	Capacity, I/s	
23		011 1	. 4)	2)	
24		Other dev	/ices [?]	(2)	
25					
26		Drinking v	water reservoir	Number	
27 28	_			m³ Number	
29	-	Drinking v	water pumps	Total operational power, kW	
	Length	of main pi	ipe	km	
			tributive network	km	
			connections pipes	xxxxxxx	
	1	r of street		xxxxxxxx	
34		r of public	fountains connected to water supply	xxxxxxxx	
35	Numbe networl		cholds connected to water supply	xxxxxxxx	
36	Popula	tion conne	ected to water supply network	xxxxxxxx	
37	-	osts for the	e production of drinking water, VAT	thous. RSD	

Enter the production unit.

3) If the process involves processing or pre-ozonization and pre-oxidation, enter the total number and capacity of the devices.

4) Enter the exact name of the device.

Urban wastewater for 2015 - Questionnaire VOD-2K

Table 1 Wastewater discharged in water bodies

	i wastewater	4.00	nar god m	Water Board				2	1			
		\/\/at	ter body		Wastewater discharged (thous. m³)							
Sequen		vvai	lei body									
ce number		name-local ion		code/registrat ion number ⁵⁾	untreated water	primary treatment (physical/ chemical)	secondary treatment (physical/ biological)	tertiary treatment (physical/chemic al/ biological)	total wastewater discharged			
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
1	Total (2++11)		xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx								
2		1										
3	Country/ settlement 2											
4	ootaoo	3										
5		1										
6	River	2										
7		3										
8	Accumulation	1										
9	Accumulation	2										
10	Lake	1										
	Other Urban wastewater collecting system	1	xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx								
12	Surface runoff		xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxx								
	Removale from cesspool		xxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxx								

 $[\]overline{^{5)}}$ To be filled in by statistics.

Table 2 Devices for wastewater treatment

		Primary treatment ¹⁾ (physical/ chemical)			Primary treatment ¹⁾ (physical/ chemical)			Primary treatment ¹⁾ (physical/ chemical)			
Seque- nce number	Type of treatment	Designed capacity of the device	Realized capacity of the device	Effluent	Designed capacity of the device	Realized capacity of the device	Effluent	Designed capacity of the device	Realized capacity of the device	Effluent	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1	Hydraulic load - water flow, m ³ /day										
2	E.C. ⁷⁾										
3	COD, kg O ₂ /day										
4	Suspended particles, kg O ₂ / day										
5	Nitrogen, total mg/l										
6	Phosphorus, total mg/l										

⁷⁾ Population equivalent

Table 3 Wastewater by source of generation

Sequen ce number		Number of enterprises	Quantities of water, thous.	Of which: Treated wastewater
1	Total (2+3+11)			
2	From household	xxxxxxxxx		
3	Enterprises – total (4+5+6+7+8+9+10)			
4	from sector: Agriculture, forestry and fishing			
5	from sector: Mining			
6	from sector: Manufacturing			
7	from sector: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply			
8	from sector: Collect , treatment and disposal waste			
9	from sector: Constraction			
10	Other consumers: schools, institutions, stores, hospitals, hotels, etc.			
11	From own consumption	XXXXXXXXXX		

Table 4 Sewage network and costs for wastewater treatment

Sequence number		
1	Total length of the sewage network, km	
2	Length of the main collector, km	
3	Number of sewer connections	
4	Number of households connected to the wastewater collecting system	
5	Population connected to the wastewater collecting system	
6	Number of households with cesspool	
7	Total costs for wastewater treatment, VAT included, thous. RSD	

Table 6. List of all settlements covered by the public water supply and urban wastewater collecting systems; quantities of distributed and discharged water

Sequen ce number	Name of the settlement	Number of households conn. to public water supply	Total distributed water thous. m ³	Number of households conn. to urban wastewater coll. system	Total wastewater discharged thous.	Sequen ce number	Name of the settlement	Number of households conn. to public water supply	Total distributed water thous. m ³	Number of households conn. to urban wastewater coll. system	Total wastewater discharged thous.
1						16	-				
2						17					
3						18					
4						19					
5						20					
6						21					
7						22					
8						23					
9						24					
10						25					
11						26					
12						27					
13						28					
14						29					
15						30					

EXPLANATORY NOTES

On how to fill in the questionnaires for the Annual Survey on Drinking water supply, Vod-2v and Annual Survey on Urban wastewater, Vod-2k.

Vod-2V

Data for all the tables are provided for the municipality on which territory the water abstraction source is.

Table 1 - Water abstracted (fresh water), assumed and submitted water by other water supply - the name/location and code/registration number of the water abstraction source or other water supply, i.e. quantities of abstracted, assumed and submitted water are to be recorded.

Table 2 - Distributed water and losses

Column 1 – the number of enterprises to which water has been distributed or sold is to be recorded.

Column 2 – are to be recorded the quantities of water distributed to households, enterprises, registered for performing activities in the sectors: Agriculture, forestry and fishing (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 01-03), Mining (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 04-09), Manufacturing (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 10-33), Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 35), Collect, treatment and disposal waste (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 38), Construction (according to CA8) divisions 41-43) other enterprises which are engaged in service activities (according to CA8) divisions 45-96), water consumed for own consumption (washing and maintenance of pools, pumps, filters), as well as the total water losses.

Column 5 – the average price of water including VAT (RSD / m³) distributed to consumers.

Table 3 - Water treatment, water supply network, users and costs for the production of drinking water

This table should contain data on: water treatment plant and its facilities, length of main water supply and distributive network, number of water connections pipes, number of street hydrants, public fountains, number of households and population connected to water supply network, as well as total costs for drinking water production (excluding investment costs).

Table 1 - Wastewater discharged in water bodies

Primary treatment of wastewater by physical and/or chemical processes includes the collection of suspended particles and by other processes where $BOD_5^{9)}$ is reduced at least by 20% before the discharge, and the total suspended particle of incoming wastewater by at least 50%.

Secondary treatment of wastewater includes the biological treatment by secondary collection which BOD₅9) result is a reduction of at least 70% and COD¹⁰) at least up to 75%.

Tertiary treatment is the continuation of the secondary treatment of nitrogen and/or phosphorous and/or of other pollutant that affects the quality and specifically water consumption: microbiological pollution, color, etc. Minimal levels of efficiency that define tertiary treatment are: organic pollution reduced at least up to 95% as for BOD₅9) and 85% as for COD¹⁰): nitrogen removal by at least 80% and microbiological removal until coliform density under 1000 in 100 ml is reached.

The wastewater treatment method shown in table 1 indicates the required type of water treatment device.

Table 2 - Devices for wastewater treatment - contain data on the number and capacity of wastewater treatment plant and quality of wastewater before and after treatment in E.C11) and/or m3/h.

Table 3 - Biological and chemical oxygen demand and quantity of heavy metals in wastewaters

Effluent relates to technological wastewaters that are, as treated or untreated, discharged into public sewerage systems or surface waters, as well as wastewaters from public sewerage systems that are discharged into surface waters as treated or untreated.

Column 1. Indicate quantity of effluent untreated wastewater discharged into public sewage system for BOD, COD, suspended soils in terms of kg O2/day and quantities of heavy metals in terms of mg/l.

Column 2. Indicate quantity of effluent treated wastewater discharged into public sewage system for BOD, COD, suspended soils in terms of kg O2/day and quantities of heavy metals in terms of mg/l.

Table 4 - Wastewater by source of generation

Column 1 the number of enterprises which discharge wastewater is to be recorded here.

Column 2 The quantities of water discharged by households, enterprises, registered for performing activities in the sectors: Agriculture, forestry and fishing (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 01-03), Mining (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 04-09), Manufacturing (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 10-33), Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (according to CA8) divisions 35), Collect, treatment and disposal waste (according to CA8) divisions 38), Construction (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 41-43), other enterprises which are engaged in service activities (according to CA⁸⁾ divisions 45-96), wastewater consumed for own consumption (washing and maintenance of pools, pumps, filters).

Table 5 Sewerage network and costs for wastewater treatment

This table presents data on the length of the sewerage network and main collector, number of households and population connected to the wastewater collecting system, number of households with cesspool, as well as on the total costs for wastewater treatment (including the cost of sewerage network maintenance, excluding the investment assets).

E-form of the guestionnaire with instructions and methodological explanation are available on the website of the Statistical Office: www.stat.gov.rs.

⁸⁾ CA – Classificaton of activities

⁹⁾ BOD₅ - Biological Oxygen Demand after five days
10) COD - Chemical Oxygen Demand in KMnO4

One population equivalent (P.E.) means the organic biodegradable load having a five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅) of 60 g of oxygen per a day.