

Census is note for the future.

Press release 5 July 2013

2011 Census of Population, Households and Dwellings of the Republic of Serbia Book 9: Migrations

In the book "Migrations", the Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia publishes the final results of the 2011 Census of Population, Households and Dwellings¹⁾ on migratory characteristics of the population of the Republic of Serbia, by municipalities and cities.

This publication contains the data on autochthonous and migrant population, country of birth and citizenship. For the migrant population we presented data on the territory they moved from, the time of migration and sex.

The 2011 Census was carried out during the period from 1-15 October 2011, pursuant to the Law on the Census of Population, Households and Dwellings (Official Gazette of RS, no. 104/09 and 24/11). The 2011 Census is financially supported by the European Union that participated in the total costs with 60%.

Autochthonous and migrant population

Autochthonous population include all persons that permanently, from their birth reside in the same settlement, i.e. the persons that have never moved.

The population that to the place of residence moved from another settlement of the Republic of Serbia or that migrated from another country is referred to as migrant population.

According to the 2011 Census, autochthonous population makes 54.96% of the total population, while the share of migrant population equals to 45.04%.

Table 1. Population by migratory characteristics, 2011 Census

		Lives in the same settlement since birth (autochthonous population)	Migrant population					
	Total		within the Republic of Serbia, of which:			from other countries, of which:		
			from another settlement of the municipality	from another municipalit y within the area	from another area	from the former SFRY republics	from other countries	unknown
REPUBLIC OF SERBIA	7 186 862	3 949 797	697 442	536 161	1 231 494	687 948	82 580	1 440
SRBIJA – SEVER	3 591 249	1 839 602	193 706	244 491	708 906	551 926	51 825	793
Beogradski region	1 659 440	799 649	40 071	105 385	440 035	248 262	25 506	532
Region Vojvodine	1 931 809	1 039 953	153 635	139 106	268 871	303 664	26 319	261
SRBIJA – JUG	3 595 613	2 110 195	503 736	291 670	522 588	136 022	30 755	647
Region Šumadije i Zapadne Srbije	2 031 697	1 191 520	297 605	157 940	275 731	90 981	17 528	392
Region Južne i Istočne Srbije	1 563 916	918 675	206 131	133 730	246 857	45 041	13 227	255

¹⁾ The 2011 Census was not carried out on the territory of the AP Kosovo and Metohia, while the coverage of the census units in the municipalities of Preševo and Bujanovac was incomplete due to the boycott by the majority of the Albanian ethnic community.

www.popis2011.stat.rs



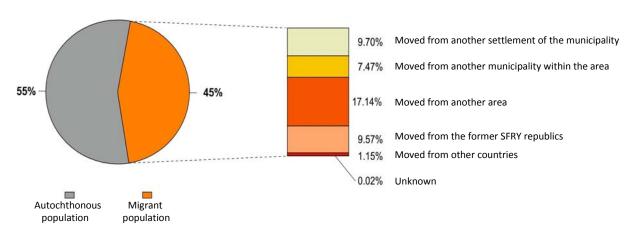






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Graph 1. Population by migratory characteristics, Republic of Serbia (%)



The municipality of Žagubica is outstanding for the top share of autochthonous population (81%) in the total population, followed by the municipalities of Kovačica, Sjenica, Novi Pazar, Malo Crniće, Žabari, Kosjerić that feature the share of autochthonous population above 70% in the total population.

Observed in absolute figures, the most of migrant population lives in the City of Belgrade (about 860 000), then in the City of Novi Sad (about 200 000) and in the City of Niš (about 120 000).

The share of migrant population in the total population is expressive for the municipalities of Petrovaradin (74%) and Sremski Karlovci (61%), as well as for the municipalities of Belgrade: Grocka (59%), Barajevo (58%), Palilula (56%), Surčin (55%) and Novi Beograd (55%).

Place of birth

Over 88% of the total population was born in the territory of the Republic of Serbia; about 10% of the population was born in the territories of the former SFRY republics, while only 0.84% of the population was born in other countries.

Citizenship

Citizenship is a specific legal from of relation between a country and individual person that is acquired by birth, origin, formal recognition or pursuant to a ratified international agreement.

About 99% of the population are persons that have the citizenship of the Republic of Serbia, of which 4% have double citizenship, i.e. the citizenship of the Republic of Serbia and of another country. The persons that have citizenship of another country only make 0.62%, and persons without citizenship 0.08% of the total population of the Republic of Serbia.

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