# Попис је белешка за будућност.

Public announcement

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## 2011 Census of Population, Households and Dwellings in the Republic of Serbia Book 4: Religion, Mother Tongue and Ethnicity

In the book "Religion, Mother Tongue and Ethnicity" the Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia publishes the final results of the 2011 Census of Population, Households and Dwellings<sup>1</sup> on the ethno-cultural characteristics (religion, mother tongue and ethnicity) of the population of the Republic of Serbia, by municipalities and cities.

The 2011 Census was carried out during the period from 1st to 15th October, 2011, in compliance with the Law on the Census of Population, Households and Dwellings ("The Official Gazette of the RS," no. 104/09 and 24/11). The 2011 Census is financially supported by the European Union which has participated in the total costs with 60%.

#### Religion

During the period after the World War II, the question on religion was asked in the censuses of 1953, 1991, 2002 and 2011. The answer to the question on religion is the result of personal conviction of an individual based on his comprehension of religion and on the freedom of religious confession which is guaranteed by the Constitution.

According to the 2011 Census results, over six million people of the Republic of Serbia are of Orthodox religion (84.6% of the total population). The second most numerous group are the Catholics, with 350 thousand (5%), while the third most numerous group is Islamic religion, with more than 220 thousand members (3%).

In comparison with the 2002 Census, the number of persons who are not believers (atheists) has been increased by 40 thousand.

	Total	Christian							Eastern			Not	Did not	
		total <sup>2</sup>	orthodox	catholic	protestant	other Christian	Islam	Judaism	religions	Other	Agnostics	believers (atheists)	declare	Unknown
2011	7 186 862	6 555 931	6 079 396	356 957	71 284	3 211	222 828	578	1 237	1 776	4 010	80 053	220 735	99 714
2002	7 498 001	6 876 297	6 371 584	410 976	78 646	2 191	239 658	785	240	6 649	-	40 068	197 031	137 291

#### Population by religion, as per the 2011 and 2002 censuses

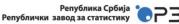
#### Mother tongue

In a census, mother tongue is the language which a person learned to speak in its earliest childhood, that is, the language the person considers as its mother tongue, if several languages are spoken at the household. The data on mother tongue are shown for 17 different languages which are most frequently spoken in the Republic of Serbia, that is, for those languages which at least 2,000 persons consider as their mother tongue.

Modality "Other languages" contains the aggregate data for the languages which less than two thousand persons consider as their mother tongue (Ukrainian, Goranski, Chinese, Czech, etc.).

Modality "Did not declare and unknown" contains the aggregate number of the persons who did not wish to declare, then the total number of illegible answers, the answers that do not represent a declaration on mother tongue (domestic, human, bi-lingual, polyglot, Cyrillic, Niški, Lalinski, etc.) and the total number of blank answers.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The 2011 Census was not carried out on the territory of the AP Kosovo and Metohia, while the coverage of the census units in the municipalities of Preševo and Bujanovac was incomplete owing to the boycott by the majority of the Albanian ethnic community.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The difference between the total number of persons of Christian religion (column "total") and the sum of the columns "orthodox," "catholic," "protestant" and "other Christian" comprises the persons who responded to the question on religion only with *Christians*.

# СРБИЈА 2011

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Population by mother tongue, as per the 2011 and 2002 censuses

	2002 C	ensus	2011 Census		
	total	%	total	%	
REPUBLIC OF SERBIA Serbian Albanian Bosnian Bulgarian Bunjevački Vlach language Hungarian Macedonian German Roma language Romanian Russian Ruthenian Slovak Slovenian Croatian	7 498 001 6 620 699 63 835 134 749 16 459 - 54 818 286 508 14 355 2 279 82 242 34 515 2 199 13 458 57 498 3 024 2 7 588	100 88.30 0.85 1.80 0.22 0.73 3.82 0.19 0.03 1.10 0.46 0.03 0.18 0.77 0.04 0.37	7 186 862 6 330 919 10 040 138 871 13 337 6 835 43 095 243 146 12 706 2 190 100 668 29 075 3 179 11 340 49 796 2 269 19 223	$\begin{array}{c} 100\\ 88.09\\ 0.14\\ 1.93\\ 0.19\\ 0.10\\ 0.60\\ 3.38\\ 0.18\\ 0.03\\ 1.40\\ 0.04\\ 0.04\\ 0.04\\ 0.16\\ 0.69\\ 0.03\\ 0.27\\ \end{array}$	
Montenegrin	-	-	2 519	0.04	
Other languages Did not declare and unknown	19 898 63 877	0.27 0.85	39 463 128 191	0.55 1.78	

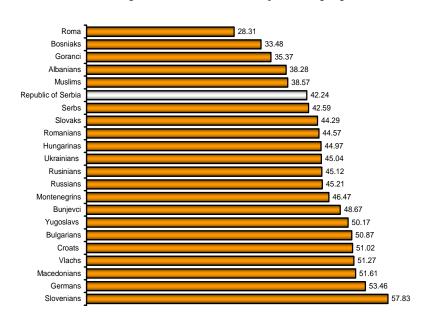
#### Ethnicity, age and sex

The book also provides the data for 21 ethnic communities in the Republic of Serbia with more than two thousand members. In addition to the data on the total number, there are also data by age, average age and sex of the ethnic communities' members. The data on the age are shown by large age groups, as follows: below 15, 15–29, 30–49, 50–64, 65–84, 85 and over.

Most members of the ethnic communities have average age above 42,2 years which is the average for the Republic of Serbia. The Serbs have almost the same average age (42.6), while the average age of the members of seven ethnic communities is even above 50 (Slovenians, Germans, Macedonians, Vlachs, Croats, Bulgarians and Yugoslavs).

Only five ethnic communities have average age below the republic average, as follows: Muslims (38.6), Albanians (38.3), Goranci (35.4), Bosniaks (33.5) and Roma, who only have an average age below 30 years (28.3).

Ranking of the ethnic communities by the average age of their members, the 2011 Census



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